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GUAM DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

JAMES L.G. STAKE, Legal Counsel

500 Mariner Avenue

Barrigada, Guam 96913

TIME: 2:50 DAM DAM BY: 5MD

FILE NO OPA-PA: 16-012

Attorney for Guam Department of Education

BEFORE THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY

IN THE APPEAL OF

Telephone (671) 300-1537 Email: legal-admin@gdoe.net

APPEAL NO.: OPA-PA-16-012

ALVAREZ & MARSAL PUBLIC SECTOR SERVICES, LLC,

MOTION TO DISMISS FOR LACK OF SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION BECAUSE MATTER IS NOT RIPE

Appellant.

Comes now the Guam Department of Education (GDOE), the Purchasing Agency in this matter, files this Motion to Dismiss.

I. Introduction and Relief Requested:

GDOE hereby moves the OPA to dismiss this appeal, specifically OPA-PA-16-012, against GDOE based on a lack of subject matter jurisdiction because the matter is not ripe. Appellant Alvarez & Marsal Public Sector Services' (Appellant) cause of action is in regards to RFP 005-2016. Appellant appeals because they allege that they are the best qualified offeror. See Appellant's Notice of Appeal p.4. Agency actions are only considered ripe for review when they are final in nature. No intent to award has been issued for RFP 005-2016. See Declaration of Carmen Taitano. In addition, GDOE cannot proceed with any offeror for RFP 005-2016 without first obtaining approval from the US Department of Education (USDOE). Id. USDOE's approval of the intended offeror, for RFP 005-2016, is required in order for GDOE to receive any funds from USDOE. Id. GDOE has not issued an intent to award and GDOE has yet to receive any approval from USDOE either, so deciding who the best qualified offeror is at this point premature. Should the OPA order GDOE to contract with a certain offeror and USDOE disapproves of said offeror, USDOE could refrain from issuing funds to GDOE and then any

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agreement GDOE would be ordered to enter into would be reduced to becoming void. If and when Appellant is actually served with an intent to award <u>and</u> USDOE has approved of the intended awardee or offeror, the procurement will have matured and Appellant will have the opportunity for OPA review. Until that time, the controversy is not ripe and dismissal of Appellant's claims are warranted.

II. Background Regarding RFP 005-2016

On March 21, 2016 GDOE issued RFP 005-2016. On July 5, 2016 GDOE issued the Proposal Status to offerors for RFP 005-2016, which included offerors ranking at that point in time. On July 18, 2016 GDOE received a protest from Appellant. On August 4, 2016 GDOE responded to Appellant's protest denying the Appellant's protest in its entirety.

III. Legal Argument

A. Ripeness is a Threshold Legal Issue That, When Absent, Warrants Dismissal

In the Appeal of *Purestone*, *LLC*, *vs. the Guam Economic Development Authority/Chamorro Land Trust Commission* (Purestone), OPA-PA-15-016, the OPA dismissed the appeal for lack of jurisdiction and because at that instant the appeal was not ripe. *See Purestone* p. 2. If the controversy is not ripe, then Courts lack jurisdiction to review the matter, and the case warrants dismissal. *See also* Guam R. Civ. P. 12(b)(1) (lack of subject matter jurisdiction).

Similar to the above mentioned, RFP 005-2016 is not ripe for OPA review for several reasons and should be dismissed. GDOE has yet to issue an intent to award to an offeror. More importantly, USDOE has not approved any offeror. Within RFP 005-2016, specifically section 2.1 Project Title and Overall Scope, states the intent of this section of the RFP is to provide interested Offerors with sufficient information to enable them to develop and submit a proposal for services that will fulfill the specified requirements of the GDOE and USDOE. *See* RFP 005-2016 p. 4. GDOE was designated as a high risk grantee by USDOE and as a result GDOE is subject to special conditions for all Federal education programs it administers. *Id.* As a part of GDOE's special conditions, GDOE is required to contract for a Third Party Fiduciary Agent

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having obtained USDOE's prior approval. Should GDOE select an offeror that USDOE does not approve, GDOE would not be able to receive any USDOE funds, and, as stated above, any agreement GDOE anticipated entering into would be rendered meaningless. See Decl. Taitano. In the alternative, if the OPA decided that GDOE must award a certain offeror, if USDOE does not approve of that offeror GDOE again would not receive federal funds and GDOE would be unable to utilize any services related to an agreement for RFP 005-2016. Appellant's relief requested that any bid award, issuance of purchase orders and/or contracts be stayed, that GDOE's determination of the most qualified offeror be rescinded are premature at this point. RFP 005-2016 has been stayed since the original protest by the Appellant on July 18, 2016. GDOE has been unable to move any further in the procurement process as a result, and since there has been no intent to award (which would include purchase orders and contract) issued and USDOE has not approved of any offeror, this matter is not ripe for a decision before the OPA and should be dismissed.

B. There Has Been No Final Agency Action in This Matter

Relative to this dispute GDOE has issued a Proposal Status that has been distributed to offerors. GDOE has not issued a letter of intent to award and USDOE has yet to approve any offeror. See Decl. Taitano. Review before the OPA will become appropriate if and when GDOE issues an intent to award and USDOE has approved the offeror. It follows that even if GDOE selects an offeror and USDOE does not approve, GDOE would not be able to move forward. USDOE is a de facto part of the selection and this is notified to offerors in RFP 005-2016. See RFP 005-2016, section 2.1 p. 4.

There are additional issues present that are contested by the Appellant, because the subject of this appeal is an RFP and GDOE has not issued an award. Title 2 of the Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations (GAR) §3114(i)(2) entitled No Disclosure of Information states:

> Discussions shall not disclose any information derived from proposals submitted by other offerors, and the agency conducting

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the procurement shall not disclose any information contained in any proposals until after award of the proposed contract has been made. The proposal of the awarded contract shall be opened to public inspection except as otherwise provided in the contract.

The law specifically states that the agency conducting the procurement (here, GDOE) shall not disclose any information contained in any proposals until after award of the proposed contract has been made. Appellant argues that this section is of limited application, "as it refers only to information disclosed in discussions between an agency and an offeror." *See* Appellant's Opposition to Guam Department of Education's Motion for Expedited Appeal p. 7. The title of \$3114(i)(2) is "No Disclosure of Information," coupled with the plain reading of the law, "the agency conducting the procurement shall not disclose any information contained in any proposal until after award of the proposed contract has been made" would entail that GDOE should not disclose other offeror's information and to do so to any unauthorized persons would directly violate \$3114(i)(2).

Appellant cites 5 GCA §5250 (Appellant was referring to §5251) arguing that it provides that the procurement record under section 5249 is a public record and any person may inspect and copy any portion of the record. *See* Appellant's Opposition at 7. Appellant's argument that any person may inspect and copy any portion of the record at any point in time would completely disrupt the procurement process.

More to the point, Appellant relies on and cites 5 GCA §5251, but leaves out the most critical language which states in its entirety, "The record required by §5249 is a public record <u>and subject to rules promulgated by the Public auditor</u>, any person may inspect and copy any portion of the record." "Subject to rules promulgated by the Public auditor," is crucial in this instance because that means 5 GCA §5251 took into consideration that certain parts of the procurement process, particularly with RFP's that include specific proprietary proposals, require that they remain confidential until the award of the contract. GDOE did not violate §5251, §5251 allows and enables GDOE to abide by the rules promulgated by the Public auditor which GDOE has done so with the case at hand.

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In the Appeal of Alvarez & Marsal Public Sector Services, LLC. OPA-PA-16-012