1 2 3 4 5 6 7	DANIEL J. BERMAN, ESQ. BERMAN O'CONNOR & MANN Suite 503, Bank of Guam Bldg. 111 Chalan Santo Papa Hagåtña, Guam 96910 Telephone No.: (671) 477-2778 Facsimile No.: (671) 477-4366 Attorneys for Appellant: PHIL-GETS (GUAM) INTERNATIONAL dba J & B MODERN TECH	
8	BEFORE THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY	
9	IN THE APPEAL OF	Appeal No. OPA-PA-17-011
10	PHIL-GETS (GUAM) INTERNATIONAL TRADING CORP.	HEARING BRIEF OF PHIL-GETS (GUAM) INTERNATIONAL TRADING CORP. dba J & B MODERN TECH
11	dba J & B MODERN TECH,	
12	Appellant.	
13		
14	The Appellant Phil-Gets (Guam) International Trading Corp. dba J & B Moderr	
15	Tech (herein "J&B") submits the following as its Hearing Brief.	
16	I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>	
17	It is the position of J&B that the Guam Community College's (herein "GCC")	
18	award of the forensic DNA lab to Propacific Builder Corp. (herein "PBC") violated the	
19	IFB, violated procurement law, and that J&B as the lower-priced bidder and must be	
20	granted the award for the forensic DNA lab.	
21	II. <u>BACKGROUND RECORD UNDISPUTED</u>	
22	On August 4, 2017, Taniguchi Ruth Makio Architects ("TRMA") Bid Evaluation	
23	Report informed GCC that PBC's "base bid is \$3,903,000 approximately which exceeds	
24	J&B's \$3,880,850 base bid." Procurement Record ("PR") p. 000339, Agency Report	
25	("AR") Tab 9 – 0019; App. Ex. "A".	
26	On September 7, 2017, GCC issued a Notice of Intent to Award the contract to	

PBC and a Notice of Non-Award to J&B. Agency Report at 2; PR pp. 00346-00347.

ORIGINAL

28

On September 8, 2017, importantly, J&B sent its formal written complaint to GCC regarding the award to PBC that was stamped received on September 11, 2017. PR pp. 00351-00354, Tab 12; App. Ex. "B".

On September 11, 2017, GCC received a complaint or protest regarding the procurement award. *Id.*

On September 20, 2017, J&B served their formal "Protest!" with detailed supporting documents and records to explain the protest based on J&B's lower price, the violations of procurement law and the IFB committed by GCC. AR Tab 4, Protest! dated 9/20/17, Exhibits "A" to "K"; also, PR pp. 00364-00401, Tab 14; App. Ex. "C". No doubt may remain that the J&B protest is timely served before 14 days expired.

III. J&B IS THE LOWEST BIDDER; PBC IS THE HIGHER BIDDER; COMPUTATION OF THE UNIT PRICES OF BIDDERS IS REQUIRED BY PROCUREMENT LAW

A. The Numbers: J&B Bid of \$3,880,850 is less than the PBC bid \$3,903,747

On October 17, 2017, GCC's response to J&B's protest clarified these numbers as accurate and the truth. PR p. 00403, Tab 14; App. Ex. "D". First, the J&B base bid price is \$3,880,850.00. *Id.* at p. 00403. Although PBC mistakenly calculated and inserted a unsupported conclusory bid number of \$3,863,714.00, the true summation of the unit prices bid by PBC is \$3,903,747.00. *See* TRMA Report (8/4/17); PR pp. 0337-0339; AR Tab 9; *also*, J&B Protest Exhibit "B" at Tab 14, pp. 00371-00375. Therefore, J&B is unquestionably lower by \$22,984.00 than PBC. PR p. 00366, Tab 14; App. Ex. "A".

In fact, GCC does not deny, and admits that the accurate numbers as set forth by J&B above, are true. PR p. 00403, Tab 14, (GCC Response to Protest, October 17, 2017); App. Ex. "D".

TRMA employed as the evaluation consultant specifically found the properly computed J&B bid of \$3,880,850.00 was lower than the PBC bid of \$3,903,000.00. *See* PR p. 00339, Tab 11, TRMA (8/14/17); App. Ex. "A".

Moreover, GCC admits again that the J&B bid price is lower by \$22,984.00: "While J&B correctly notes that the sum of PBC cost breakdown did not equal its Base Bid, GCC properly clarified with PBC that its stated Base Bid price was the price the PBC was offering [see AR Tab 9 at 04-07])¹. See Agency Report (11/16/17) at 6; PR pp. 00324-00326; App. Ex. "E". (Emphasis added.) So, what happened in the so-called "proper clarification"?

B. The Procurement Law Obliges GCC to Compute Correctly and Award the Contract to the Lowest Bidder

(1) The IFB Specifications

No discretion remains with the purchasing agency GCC to negotiate or "clarify" prices after the opening of bids, in order to allow changes to the bidder's actual price bid in response to the IFB. However, GCC improperly and illegally did just that. *See* PR pp. 00324-00326;AR Tab 9 at 04-07; App. Ex. "E". By email exchange dated August 18, 2017, GCC violated the procurement law and boldly accepted the self-serving conclusion of "yes" from PBC as to the GCC question, using one line, is the PBC "base bid price of \$3,863,714 correct?" PR p. 00324; AR Tab 9; App. Ex. "E". Oddly, everyone but GCC knows it is not correct.

At Section 23 of the IFB Specifications: **Award, Cancellation and Rejection,** the specifications for the Project require:

In case of an error in the extension of prices, unit price will govern. *See* IFB, PR p. 00551; AR Tab 6 ~ 010; at AR Tab 6, p. 00551; App. Ex. "K".

¹ Respectfully, GCC has granted the higher bidder the prohibited opportunity to lower its Bid Price After Opening to a dollar number below J&B.

TRMA. PR p. 00339, Tab 11; App. Ex. "A".

3

This section states:

5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

27 28 2 GAR Procurement Regulations §3109(m)(4)(C)

Mistakes where intended correct bid is evident. mistake and the intended correct bid is clearly evident on the face of the bid document, the bid shall be corrected to the intended correct bid and may not be withdrawn. Examples of mistakes that may be clearly evident on the face of the bid document are typographical errors, error in extending unit prices, transportation errors, and arithmetical errors. (emphasis added)

All that remains is for GCC to accept the properly computed unit prices as found by

Here, GCC has a non-discretionary duty, when PBC's mistakes are found and the intended correct bid is clearly evident, to follow the law so that PBC's bid "shall be corrected". This specific error "in extending unit prices" is required to be corrected by the purchasing agency. PBC's Base Bid, when computed correctly, is \$3,903,000.00. TRMA Evaluation (8/4/17) at PR 00339; App. Ex. "A". A simple application of this procurement law tells the parties that the PBC bid "may not be withdrawn", or clarified as GCC apparently tried to do, in violation of the procurement law.

(3)No Allowance of Changes to Bid Price Allowed When Prejudice to Other Bidder Exists; 2 GAR §3109 (m)(4)(B)

While the Procurement Officer is generally allowed to indulge the correction of minor mistakes, this is not true when the other bidders suffer prejudice. 2 GAR §3109(m)(4)(B). The matter of bidder prejudice includes factors that affect "price, quantity, quality, delivery or contractual conditions." (Emphasis added.) Id. GCC is directly changing the PBC bid price by modifying in "clarification", the base bid of PBC to reflect a non-supported, not rational based, not unit priced base, lump sum erroneously computed sum bid of \$3,863,714.00, instead of the properly computed unit price that PBC in fact bid before opening equal to \$3,903,747.00.

Instead, the base bid price controls. The lowest bidder by unit price should be determined as only J&B.

C. J&B Alternate Bid Items Are Even Lower Than PBC

An annotated copy of J&B's bid form was submitted as Exhibit "C" to the J&B Protest. PR pp. 00376-81, Tab 14; App. Ex. "C". As shown on that form, the sum of items 1 through 16 in J&B's bid is \$3,889,850.00 *Id.* Thus, once PBC's mathematical errors are corrected, J&B's bid for items 1 to 16 is \$13,894 lower than PBC's bid. *Id.* This calculation of J&B prices excludes the "Alternate Bid Items". If those items are included, the gap in favor of J&B is even larger, as J&B's total for the alternate bid items was \$513,600 lower when compared to \$690,000 for PBC.

To be clear, GCC and PBC are not in a process of negotiation of a contract to

reach agreement on fair or reasonable compensation. 2 GAR §3114(l)(2)(C). This is not

a multi-step bid IFB negotiated price to be negotiated after award of the contract.

D. Only J&B is Entitled to 15% Local Procurement Preference

GCC failed to grant to J&B the 15% Local Procurement Preference. *See* 5 G.C.A. §5008(d) (Policy in Favor of Local Procurement) (2005). "The aim is to encourage local businesses to the maximum extent possible." *Id.* at Comment. Unfortunately, GCC's Bid Abstract rated J&B equally qualified to PBC under the "Local Procurement Affidavit." PR p. 0063 to 0065, Tab 8, Bid Abstract; App. Ex. "F". This is simply not true.

Examination of the PBC Bid package shows that no check marks exist on any of the boxes [] lettered a., b., c. and d. See PR p. 00285, Tab 8; App. Ex. "G". In contrast, examination of J&B's Local Procurement Preference Application shows that the required check marks exist and are made on boxes "b." and "c." See PR pp. 00113-00114; App. Ex. "H". The only conclusion that follows is PBC and its representative "Mr. Kevin Yu et. al. born in Hanam City, Korea," and Ms. Jean Yeon Yu from Guam

Yoshin Corporation, are not local and do not satisfy the requirements of Local as defined in §5008. PR p. 00209, Tab 10; App. Ex. "I".

IV. GCC VIOLATIONS OF THE PROCUREMENT PROCESS

A. GCLB Compliance

The Special Reminder to Prospective Bidders (submitted as J&B Protest "Exhibit D") required bidders to "indicate outstanding issues with GCLB and OSHA." PR pp. 00382-83, Tab 14; also, AR Tab 7, p. 0066; App. Ex. "C". PBC only submitted a one-sentence statement (submitted as J&B Protest "Exhibit E") on its own letterhead stating, "ProPacific Builder Corporation has no outstanding issues with the Guam Contractor License Board and/or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration." PR pp. 000384-85, Tab 14; App. Ex. "C". This is insufficient.

To confirm the status of outstanding issues or lack thereof, PBC should have submitted a "Verification of License" from the GCLB indicating "Complaints on File" and an Inspection Detail print-out from OSHA, as was done by J&B (J&B's verification and print-out submitted as J&B Protest "Exhibit F"). PR pp. 000386-89, Tab 13; App. Ex. "C". As noted in the Special Reminder to Prospective Bidders from GCC signed by PBC, "Failure to comply with the requirements in the special reminder will be a basis for disqualification and rejection of the bid." PBC Consent to Special Reminder (6/20/17), PR p. 00383 (IFB); AR Tab 4~00201; App. Ex. "J".

B. Insurance Requirement

The Insurance requirement (submitted as J&B Protest "Exhibit G") stated that bidders shall provide a Certificate of Insurance showing that the bidder maintained liability insurance including, Commercial General Liability, Commercial Umbrella Liability, Commercial Automobile Liability, and Commercial Crime Insurance. PR pp. 00390-91, Tab 13; App. Ex. "C". This requirement further stated that if the insurance was not currently maintained, the bidder had to provide a statement from an insurance

company, licensed to do business on Guam, stating the bidder is qualified to obtain the required insurance. The Insurance Requirement further provided, "Failure to provide these documents will result in rejection of the bid." Unlike J&B (J&B's certificates and statement submitted as J&B Protest "Exhibit H"), PR pp. 00392-395, Tab 13; App. Ex. "C", PBC did not provide the required certificates or statement.

C. Certificate of Owner's Attorney

There is a requirement for submitting a Certificate of Owner's Attorney (submitted as J&B Protest "Exhibit I"). PR pp. 00396-97, Tab 13; App. Ex. "C". The form for this Certificate stated that the phrase "performance and payment bonds" should be deleted when not applicable. J&B's counsel deleted that phrase, inserted the applicable information for J&B's bid bond, and signed the Certificate (copy submitted as J&B Protest Exhibit "J"). PR pp. 00398-99, Tab 13; App. Ex. "C". But, PBC did not submit a Certificate of Owner's Attorney. Instead, PBC submitted its own statement, not signed by an attorney, stating that the Certificate would be signed only when the project was awarded to PBC (copy submitted as J&B Protest "Exhibit K"). PR pp. 00400-01, Tab 13; App. Ex. "C".

V. RULING REQUESTED

J&B requests that the contract to construct the Forensic DNA lab be awarded and granted to J&B in accordance with the terms stated in the J&B bid, the IFB and the applicable procurement law. Additionally, the PBC bid must be rejected by application of the IFB, 2 GAR §3109(m)(4)(C) and 2 GAR §3109(m)(4)(B).

23 | / / /

///

24 / / /

25 / / /

26 | / / /

	In the Appeal of Phil-Gets (Guam) International Trading Corp. dba J & B Modern Tech Appeal No. OPA-PA-17-011		
	Hearing Brief of Phil-Gets (Guam) International Trading Corp. dba J & B Modern Tech		
1	DATED this day of January, 2018.		
2	Respectfully submitted,		
3	BERMAN O'CONNOR & MANN		
4	Attorneys for Appellant PHIL-GETS (GUAM) INTERNATIONAL TRADING CORP. dba J & B MODERN TECH		
5	Sala O Bear		
6	By: DANIEL J. BERMAN		
7			
8			
9	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
10	I, Christine Pangelinan, hereby certify that on the M day of January, 2018, I		
11	caused the foregoing Hearing Brief of Phil-Gets (Guam) International Trading Corp. dba J &		
12	B Modern Tech to be served as follows:		
13	1) Via Hand Delivery to:		
14	Rebecca Wrightson, Esq. Cabot Mantanona LLP		
15	Edge Bldg., Second Floor		
16	929 S. Marine Corps Drive Tamuning, Guam 96913		
17			
18	2) Via U.S. Mail to:		
19	Propacific Builders Corporation 750 Rt. 8, Suite 202		
20	Barrigada, Guam 96913		
21	DATED this \mathcal{M} day of January, 2018.		
22	\mathcal{L}		
23	CHRISTINE PANGELINAN		
24			
25			
26			
27			

Page 8 of 8

 $\verb|\SHARESERVER\share\wpdocs2\Dan\JB\ Modern\ Tech\ 2017\ Procure\ PLDS\ 2018\ 01\ Jan\ Hearing\ Brief. doc$