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business license. *See* Appeal, Attachment 1. In this March 11, 2019 letter, FTFC expresses its "formal interest" in providing services related to the IFB. *Id.* On March 27, 2019, FTFC emailed GHURA asking for a response to its March 18, 2019 email along with attached March 11, 2019 letter of "formal interest". *See* Appeal, Attachment 2. On March 28, 2019, GHURA responded to FTFC via email advising that this project is bid through the competitive process. *See* Appeal, Attachment 3.

On March 28, 2019, FTFC submitted a bid in response to the IFB. *See* Agency Report, Tab B. That same date, GHURA drafted an Abstract of Bids exhibiting that FTFC was the lowest bidder for Base Bid No. 3, and second lowest bidder for Base Bid Nos. 1 and 2. *See* Agency Report, Tab D. On May 6, 2019, bidders were provided a Notice of Award exhibiting that Base Bid No. 3 was awarded to FTFC, Base Bid No. 1 was awarded to GET, LLC, and Base Bid No. 2 was not awarded. *See* Appeal, Attachment 5.

On May 7, 2019, FTFC issued its Letter of Protest concerning the award of Base Bid No. 1. See Agency Report, Tab A. The Letter of Protest relates to the award of Base Bid No. 1, and not necessarily to the method of source selection. This is further apparent because FTFC was awarded Base Bid No. 3 under the IFB, and FTFC did not protest that award. On May 17, 2019, GHURA denied the protest of FTFC. See Agency Report, Tab F.

On May 30, 2019, FTFC lodged its Procurement Appeal with the Office of Public Accountability. FTFC's appeal is solely premised on the method of source selection utilized by GHURA, as the Appeal provides the following statements:

"FTFC contends that the procurement process was flawed from the beginning, when FTFC was placed in a competitive situation contrary to 5 GCA § 5001(d), 5 GCA § 5217, and 5 GCA § 5210. FTFC is of the opinion that it should have never been placed in a competitive situation based on the Government of Guam policy established for non-profit organizations. The following rationale is provided to justify FTFC's grounds for an appeal." *See* Appeal, Statement on Grounds of Appeal, i., p. 2.

FTFC then goes on to explain each of the statutes referenced above to rationalize how it should not have had to participate in a competitive process through the invitation for bid. FTFC was aware that GHURA was utilizing an invitation for bid for grounds maintenance services since February 28, 2019, yet failed to submit a timely protest as to the method of source selection.

## **ARGUMENT**

The Public Auditor shall have the power to review and determine *de novo* any matter properly submitted to her or him. 5 GCA § 5703 and 2 GAR, Div. 4, § 12103(a). This power includes the power to rule on motions, and other procedural items on matters pending before such office. 2 GAR, Div. 4, § 12109(d). Any motion concerning the jurisdiction of the Public Auditor shall be promptly filed, and the Public Auditor shall have the right to raise the issue of jurisdiction *sua sponte* at any time. *See* 2 GAR, Div. 4, § 12104(c)(9). For an appeal to be properly before the Public Auditor, the Appellant must have filed its protest no later than fourteen days after it became aware that GHURA was procuring grounds maintenance services through the competitive process, i.e. an invitation for bid. *See In the Appeal of JJ Global Services*, OPA-PA-19-001, Decision and Order (March 21, 2019), at 3.

FTFC has failed to comply with applicable law which provides definitive timelines for aggrieved bidders to file a Protest. In its Appeal, FTFC has complained about the method of source selection employed by GHURA when seeking grounds maintenances services. FTFC's position is that GHURA should not have issued the IFB, and FTFC should not have been placed in a competitive situation concerning the procurement of grounds maintenance services. However, FTFC has been aware since at least February 28, 2019 that GHURA's method of source selection would be through issuance of an invitation for bid.

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For procurement protests, any actual or prospective bidder, offeror or contractor who may be aggrieved in connection with source selection, solicitation, or award of a contract, may protest to the Chief Procurement Officer, the Director of Public Works, or the head of a purchasing agency. 5 GCA §5425(a). The protest shall be submitted in writing within fourteen days after such aggrieved person knows or should know of the facts giving rise thereto and protests filed after fourteen-day period shall not be considered. Id., and 2 GAR, Div. 4, § 9101(c)(1). If the protest is not resolved by mutual agreement, the Chief Procurement Officer, the Director of Public Works, the head of a purchasing agency, or the designee of one of these officers shall promptly issue a decision in writing and such decision may be appealed by the protestant to the Public Auditor within fifteen days after receipt by the protestant of the notice of decision. 5 GCA § 5425(c) and (e), and 2 GAR Div. 4, § 9101(g). Applying these procurement laws and regulations, for this matter to be properly before the Public Auditor, the Appellant must have filed its protest no later than fourteen days after it became aware that GHURA was procuring grounds maintenance services through the competitive process i.e. an invitation for bid.

Here, the record is clear about when FTFC knew that GHURA would be using an invitation for bid in procuring grounds maintenance services. Most obviously, FTFC picked up a copy of the IFB on February 28, 2019. On March 28, 2019, GHURA emailed FTFC again advising that these services will be procured through the competitive process. That same date, FTFC filed its bid in response to the IFB.

Under the Guam procurement law and regulations, FTFC should have protested GHURA's method of source selection when it became aware of fact giving rise thereto. Here, FTFC was aware that GHURA was utilizing an IFB on February 28, 2019, and thus should have filed a protest within fourteen (14) days from that date. FTFC not only received the IFB, but

actually submitted a bid in response to the IFB on March 28, 2019. FTFC failed to timely protest the method of source selection utilized by GHURA. FTFC's Letter of Protest was issued May 7, 2019, over two months after they were aware that GHURA was soliciting ground maintenance services via an invitation for bid, a day after the bids were awarded, and a date well-beyond the statutory time-lines. In addition, the Letter of Protest relates to the award of Base Bid No. 1, and not necessarily to the method of source selection. FTFC asked for reconsideration of the award to GET, LLC. but did not specifically even protest the method of source selection. Instead, they stated they are willing to submit an updated price proposal. See Appeal, Attachment 4.

The instant Appeal complains about the method of source selection GHURA utilized in procuring grounds maintenance services. The OPA does not have jurisdiction over this Appeal because FTFC did not file its Protest as to the method of source selection within the statutory time-frames.

## **CONCLUSION**

For the foregoing reasons, GHURA respectfully requests that the OPA dismiss this Appeal for lack of jurisdiction.

Respectfully submitted this 21st day of June, 2019.

LAW OFFICE OF ANTHONY C. PEREZ

By:

ANTHONY Ć. PERÆZ, ESO.

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