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11	PROCUREMENT APPEAL IN THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY	
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16	In the Appeal of	DOCKET NO. OPA-PA-25-001
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18	Summer Vista II DE, LLC and Summer Vista III DE, LLC	APPELLANTS' COMMENT TO THE AGENCY REPORT
19	Appellants	
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I. INTRODUCTION

Summer Vista DE II, LLC and Summer Vista DE III, LLC (collectively referred to as "Summer Vista") respectfully submit their comments to GHURA's Agency Report¹ which was filed six (6) days late on February 24, 2025, pursuant to 2 GAR §12014(c)(4).

GHURA was also required to file its Procurement Record relating to the procurement and award of the 2024 Low-Income Housing Tax Credit ("LIHTC"), but has failed to file the complete record and documents as required by Guam law and as directed by the Public Auditor. *See* GHURA Procurement Record filed 2/2/25; Notice of Receipt of Appeal/Transmittal dated and filed 2/5/25.

Guam Procurement Regulations require GHURA to include a statement in its Agency Report "answering the allegation of the Appeal The statement shall be fully responsive to the allegations of the Appeal." 2 GARR § 12105(g). GHURA does not address all of the issues raised in Summer Vista's Appeal. Instead, GHURA focuses only on three issues (1) that GHURA has relied on GHURA's "Procedure for Appeal" since 2012; (2) the LIHTC program is exempt from Guam Procurement law notwithstanding the Attorney General Opinion; and (3) that Summer Vista's Protest #1 and Protest #2 were untimely, therefore, the OPA does not have jurisdiction. These issues are addressed below.

GHURA has violated the 5 GCA § 5425(g) automatic stay. Guam Procurement Law states that upon timely filing of a protest, and before an award has been made, the Chief Procurement Officer or head of a Purchasing Agency "shall make no award of the contract prior to final resolution of such protest, and any such further action is void, unless ... [t]he Chief Procurement Officer or head of the purchasing agency makes a written determination that the award of the contract without delay is necessary to protect the substantial interests of the Government of Guam. See 2 GAR § 9101(e)(1) & 5 GCA § 5425(g); see also 2 GAR § 12105(h) ("If the award was made after receipt of the protest, the report will include the determination required under 2 GAR Section 9101(e)."). GHURA violated the Guam Procurement Law by awarding the contract to Flores Rosa after the filing of Protest #1.

¹ GHURA was required to file its Agency Report within ten working days of receipt by GHURA of the Notice of Appeal or by no later than February 19, 2025. See 2 GAR 12014(c)(3); see also Notice of Receipt of Appeal/Transmittal dated and filed 2/5/25. GHURA filed its Agency Report on February 24, 2025.

The award of a contract requires the signing of the <u>2024</u> LIHTC Allocation Agreement.

Summer Vista recently discovered that GHURA entered into the <u>2025</u> LIHTC Allocation Agreement on February 3, 2025, after the filing of Protest #1 (January 6, 2025), in violation of the IRC and the automatic stay under Guam Procurement Law. The <u>2025</u> LIHTC Carryover Agreement purporting to allocate <u>2024</u> Low Income Tax Credits is neither proper nor permitted under the Internal Revenue Code and the approved 2024 LIHTC QAP. See Exhibit 1 (2025 LIHTC Carryover Agreement).

Moreover, GHURA did not submit an IRC § 9191(e) determination prior to entering into the 2025 LIHTC Allocation Agreement with Flores Rosa.

Also, since the filing of this Appeal, on February 3, 2025, Summer Vista filed Protest #2 and on February 17, 2025 filed Protest #3. GHURA has not issued a decision on Protest #2 and Protest #3. The issues in Protest #2 and Protest #3 are relevant to the issues in this Appeal and have been raised by GHURA in its Agency Report. *See* Exhibit 2 (3/6/25 Ltr. To E. Napoli).

GHURA is a Government of Guam agency but behaves as if it is an agency of the federal government immune from the provisions of the Guam Procurement law and other Guam laws and free to act with impunity. This is evident in its delays and failure to timely provide accurate and complete information under the Sunshine Act, misrepresentations to the GHURA Board regarding 2024 QAP requirements, and violating the automatic stay after the filing of a protest. It ignores Guam law and Guam Procurement Law and is unapologetic when called to task for its noncompliance. Its refusal to comply with Guam law and directions of the Public Auditor reflects its complete disdain and lack of respect for the Office of the Public Auditor and Guam law.

Summer Vista respectfully requests the Public Auditor issue an order confirming the stay of the 2024 LIHTC Procurement and require GHURA to issue its decisions on Protest #2 and Protest #3 by no later than March 13, 2025.

II. RELEVANT FACTS AND DEVELOPMENTS

1. On January 6, 2025, Summer Vista gave GHURA notice of the facts supporting its Protest #1. Protest #1 raised: (1) that the Flores Rosa application and proposal was nonresponsive and did not satisfy the GHURA QAP threshold requirements; (2) that Flores Rosa LLC, its managers, and the nonprofit member lacked a valid business license and were therefore not authorized to

- 2. On January 23, 2025, GHURA issued its decision denying Protest #1. *See* Appeal, Exhibit A (1/23/25 GHURA Decision).
- 3. On February 3, 2025, Summer Vista gave GHURA notice of the facts supporting Protest #2. *See* Appeal, Exhibit N (2/3/24 Summer Vista's Protest #2). Protest #2 disputed (1) GHURA's purported Appeals Process and Procedure, including the Procedure for Appeal to Board of Commissioners, and the assertion that either apply to LIHTC appeals/protests; and (2) GHURA's calculation of the time period when it denied Summer Vista's Protest #1 on timeliness grounds under Guam Procurement laws.
- 4. On February 3, 2025, GHURA entered into the 2025 LIHTC Allocation Agreement in violation of the automatic stay pursuant to 2 GAR Section 9101(e)(1). Summer Vista became aware of this agreement on February 7, 2025, when it finally received a late response to its January 24, 2025 Sunshine Act Request ("SAR").² This was a single request SAR and there is no good faith reason GHURA required a 10-day extension to produce one document (and an extension was not requested) the 2025 LIHTC Allocation Agreement. Its refusal to timely produce a single document is evidence of its intent to impede Summer Vista's protest.
- 5. On February 3, 2025, GHURA entered into the 2025 LIHTC Allocation Agreement in violation of the automatic stay pursuant to 2 GAR Section 9101(e)(1). The entering into the 2025 LIHTC Allocation Agreement was a violation of the stay of award under 5 GCA §5425(g).
- 6. At the February 6, 2025 GHURA Board Meeting, GHURA's legal counsel told GHURA Board that GHURA's "intent to award" the 2024 QAP LIHTC tax credits to Flores Rosa was not an award, rather it was a reservation of the allocation until the Flores Rosa Project was completed and determined to have met the criteria of the QAP:

²On January 24, 2025 Summer Vista submitted a SAR to GHURA requesting copies of any contracts signed between GHURA and Flores Rosa LLC relating to the LIHTC project. GHURA did not seek its usual 10-day extension under 5 GCA §10103(e).

COMMISSIONER DELIA: Sorry. Again, just to be clear, the appeal is based on the 1.73 million that was already awarded.

ATTORNEY FLORIG: Yes, that that is the only amount that was awarded in the 2024, or *I would say reserved for*, because it's not an award until its actually the project is completed and it has met all the criteria in the QAP and then it's done through the IRS or could be, in fact, you know rev and tax. I'm not sure how that's done, but that will be done on a later date, Commissioner.

GHURA BoC Meeting, Thursday, Feb. 6, 2025 (Timestamp: 54:45-55:20), YouTube (Guam Housing and Urban Renewal Authority (GHURA), Feb. 6, 2025), https://www.youtube.com/live/BtHXraVJnNo?feature=shared.

- 7. GHURA counsel's advice to the GHURA Board was incorrect.
- 8. During the February 6, 2025 Board meeting, GHURA Management also recommended to the GHURA Board to finalize the allocation of 2024 LIHTC tax credit to Flores Rosa and to close out the 2024 QAP—*i.e.* carrying over the remaining 2024 LIHTC allocation for a potential 2025 QAP. This recommendation was made before the GHURA Board went into execution session. *Id.* at 44:27-51:23
- 9. GHURA's legal counsel responded and advised the Board to disregard 5 GCA \$5425(g), the automatic stay provision in the Guam Procurement Code. *Id.* at 53:21 54:30.
- 10. The GHURA Board ultimately voted and adopted GHURA Management's recommendations regarding the 2024 QAP. *Id.* at 1:02:19-1:04:00.
- 11. Counsel for Appellants asked the Board Chairman to address the GHURA Board in order to alert them to the fact that under Guam Procurement Law, Appellants' protests had triggered the automatic stay, and that following GHURA Management's and counsel's advice and recommendations would violate Guam Procurement law.

ATTORNEY TANG: Thank you. Hi, I thank you for the opportunity, Mr. Chairman. I wanted to point out that we disagree with obviously with GHURA's counsel's position that denial of the protest was appropriate. Or that the GHURA procedures – Appeals Process and Procedures – is enforced and that its lawful to follow it.

But we have, as you're aware, filed an appeal with the OPA, and under 5 GCA § 5425(g) of the government operations Guam procurement law, it states: that in the timely protest under subsection A of this section or under subsection A of 5480 of this chapter, Guam shall not proceed further with

the is issue is still before the OPA, and I don't think counsel is in the position to determine what laws apply if the issues are squarely before the OPA.

ATTORNEY FLORIG: Well, I am legal counsel, ma'am. So, I will go ahead and advise them accordingly.

Id. at 1:04:14 – 1:09:45.

- 12. On February 17, 2025, Summer Vista gave GHURA notice of the facts supporting Protest #3. See Exhibit 3 (Protest #3). Protest #3 protest GHURA's execution of the 2025 LIHTC Carryover Allocation Agreement because: (1) the award violated the automatic stay under 5 GCA § 5425(g); (2) the award failed to comply with IRC Section 42 LIHTC regulations; (3) the award was not timely under the terms of the 2024 LIHTC QAP; and (4) it improperly allocated LIHTC credits with a valid QAP in violation of 26 U.S.C. § 42(m)(1).
 - 13. To date, GHURA has not issued a decision on Protest #2 and Protest #3.

III. ARGUMENT

On January 6, 2025, Summer Vista initiated Protest #1 by sending a letter to GHURA informing GHURA that it was protesting the 2024 LIHTC solicitation regarding the following issues: (1) Flores Rosa Garden L.L.C.'s ("Flores Rosa LLC") application and proposal was nonresponsive and did not meet the GHURA QAP threshold requirements (including site control & zoning, phase I environmental assessment, and proof of non-profit status requirements); (2) Flores Rosa LLC and its managers, and non-profit member, do not hold a business license and are not authorized to transact business on Guam; (3) the evaluation process was critically flawed; (4) the evaluation scoresheet did not comply with QAP criteria; and (5) Rosewood Park LLC, along with its manager and non-profit, do not hold a business license and are not authorized to conduct business on Guam.

GHURA denied the protest on January 23, 2025, on timeliness grounds, but was unable to clearly identify which rules or regulations it was relying upon issuing its denial. *See* Appeal, Exhibit A (1/23/25 GHURA Decision). On the same day, Summer Vista's counsel requested clarification from GHURA asking, "[p]lease identify by close of business, Friday, January 24, 2025, which rules and regulations GHURA is following with respect to this LIHTC Appeal/Protest." *See* Appeal,

Exhibit C (1/23/25 Ltr. to GHURA). To date, GHURA has refused to clarify which rules and regulations it is following with respect to Summer Vista's Appeal/Protest, leading Summer Vista to file Protest #2 with GHURA on February 3, 2025. *See* Appeal, Exhibit N (Protest #2).

A. GHURA FAILED TO MAINTAIN A PROCUREMENT RECORD REQUIRED UNDER GUAM PROCUREMENT LAW

GHURA failed to maintain and submit its Procurement Record as required under 2 GAR § 12104(c)(3). In its Procurement Record filing, the coversheet states that "GHURA did not administer the 2024 Low Income Housing Tax Credit Qualified Action Plan (LIHTC QAP) or any previous LIHTC QAP as a procurement matter subject to the Guam Procurement Law as the allocation of tax credits are not considered buying, purchasing, renting, leasing or otherwise acquiring any supplies, services, or construction by GHURA. As such, no information or documents responsive to 5 GCA § 5249(a) exist" for all categories of documents required to be maintained and kept under Guam Procurement Law. The fact that it maintains no records relating to the 2024 LIHTC QAP e.g., date, time, subject matter and names of participants at any meeting including government employees, a log of all communications between government employees and any member of the public, potential bidder, which is related to the procurement, and sound recordings of all pre-bid conferences and negotiations, is shocking. GHURA's lack of proper and complete documentation of a government procurement involving federal tax credits allows for improper communication and illicit activities, with no one being held accountable.

GHURA also failed to file its Agency Report within ten (10) working days of the filing of the Appeal. Further, GHURA's submission did not comply with 2 GAR § 12104(g), which requires a detailed response to the allegations raised in the appeal.

B. THE AGENCY REPORT DOES NOT ADDRESS THE SUBSTANTIVE ALLEGATIONS IN THE APPEAL

GHURA's Agency Report addressed three issues only and did not respond to the numerous substantive allegations in the Appeal. Because GHURA failed to provide substantive justification for its actions, these allegations are therefore unrebutted and the Public Auditor should accept Summer

2024 GHURA Board meeting, GHURA's LIHTC Chief Planner, Katherine Taitano, was asked by the Chairman of the Board whether LIHTC development experience is a relevant criterion in order to support GHURA management's recommendation to award the 2024 tax credits to Flores Rosa LLC and the ranking of Rosewood LLC as #2. In her response, she misrepresented that LIHTC development experience *is not* a criterion in the QAP. Ms. Taitano's misrepresentation to the Board of a fact material to the evaluation is evidence of the cover up of a deeply flawed evaluation and mismanagement of the LIHTC QAP procurement.

- 6. GHURA acted in bad faith. Its wrongful conduct continued after denying Summer Vista's Protest. GHURA refused to comply with Guam law when it tried to cover up the flawed evaluation process and then attempted to derail Summer Vista's Protest by ignoring Summer Vista's request for copies of LIHTC contracts under Sunshine Act and for confirmation regarding GHURA's appeal process. The deeply flawed evaluation, the lack of transparency and complete disregard for Summer Vista's requests for information under the Sunshine Act, the refusal to provide information regarding LIHTC contracts, and the extensions/delays in responding to Summer Vista's SAR, are part of the cover up and mismanagement of the LIHTC QAP procurement.
- 7. The award of the 2024 tax credit to Flores Rosa LLC, and ranking of Flores Rosa LLC as #1 and Rosewood LLC as #2, was based on a flawed and unfair solicitation process designed to push through the award of the 2024 tax credit to Flores Rosa LLC and the remaining tax credit available to Rosewood LLC.
- 8. Any contract *e.g.*, allocation of credits agreement, entered into between GHURA and Flores Rosa LLC purporting to allocate the LIHTC credits to Flores Rosa LLC is void under Guam law because such contract was entered into in contravention of the mandatory automatic stay provided for by statute, 5 GCA §5425(g).

Summer Vista Notice of Verified Procurement Appeal at p. 7-9 (2/4/2025).

Because GHURA did not address any of the above issues in its Agency Report, the Public Auditor should make a finding in favor of Summer Vista as to each issue above.

C. GHURA'S RESPONSES TO SUMMER VISTA'S ALLEGATIONS

(1) GHURA'S Denial of Protest #1 Based on the "Procedure for Appeal to the Board of Commissioners" is Clear Error.

Summer Vista's argument is that GHURA has admitted "there are no documents relating to the adoption, approval and promulgation of any GHURA's Appeals and Process Procedure." See Appeal, Exhibit J (1/23/25 SAR Response). Summer Vista also confirmed with the Guam Legislature that it was never promulgated and adopted. See Appeal, Exhibit L (1/7/25 SAR to

Legislature) ("after thorough search of our records, there are no 21 documents [responsive] to your request.")

Because the so-called Procedure for Appeal to the Board of Commissioners rules were not approved and adopted by the GHURA Board and were not promulgated pursuant to the Administrative Adjudication Law ("AAL") at 5 GCA §9100 et seq., GHURA cannot enforce it and GHURA's appeal rules has no force or bearing on this Appeal. See Appeal at 4:28.

GHURA's response is that (1) the Appeal to the Board of Commissioners procedure "has been in place regarding appeals involving the LIHTC QAP program" and (2) the FBI and Office of the Attorney General executed a search warrant at GHURA's office in 2016 and many documents were seized and have not been returned to GHURA and therefore GHURA was not able to provide these documents. *See* Agency Report at 3:7-28; 4:1-10.

GHURA's response does not address the legal issue of GHURA's failure to adopt and promulgate GHURA's appeal rules in accordance with the AAL. GHURA also attempts to avoid addressing the legal merits by arguing that Summer Vista should have known and followed appeal rules that are not enforceable. GHURA has not provided any authority to support its position that an agency can enforce rules that have not been adopted or promulgated in accordance with the AAL. Unlike other agencies, GHURA did not publish the appeal rules on its website. Notably, it has published its Procurement Policy (August 28, 2020) adopted by the GHURA Board under Resolution No. FY2020-021, which states at Section XVII Appeals and Remedies that "GHURA is also bound by procurement protest mechanism contained in 5 GCA Chapter 5 Article 9." *See*https://www.ghura.org/sites/default/files/ghura_procurement_policy_2020.pdf (last visited 3/6/2025).

GHURA refers to the *Medallion Guam, LLC v. GHURA* (Case No. OPA-PA-001) case to support its statement since "2012, the Procedure for Appeal has been in place regarding appeals involving the LIHTC QAP...." The Medallion case involved an appeal of the 2011 LIHTC QAP. The OPA dismissed the case due to appellant's failure to attach the agency decision. The OPA did not find that LIHTC QAP solicitations are exempt from Guam Procurement Law.

GHURA's reliance on the FBI seizure of documents from 2016 does not address GHURA's non-compliance with the AAL. While GHURA's behavior in this case makes it unsurprising that it

may have been the target of an active criminal investigation at some point in time, its argument that that there is no record anywhere within GHURA – no file, no binder, no electronic copies stored on a computer – must be viewed with considerable skepticism. GHURA could have contacted the Guam Legislature to confirm whether the GHURA appeal rules had been adopted and promulgated. Summer Vista was able to obtain this information from the Guam Legislature, there is no excuse why GHURA could not have done this.

Other than offering excuses, GHURA provides no legal authority to support its position that rules that have not been adopted and promulgated are enforceable against Summer Vista. To allow GHURA to enforce the appeal rules that are not compliant with the AAL would be setting a dangerous precedent allowing agencies to violate bidders' due process rights.

(2) The 2024 LIHTC Program is not Exempt from Guam Procurement Law

GHURA focuses on the Legal Memorandum dated December 17, 2012 (Ref: AG-12-0850) issued by the OAG for GHURA ("12/17/12 OAG Memo") and argues that it "simply enumerates the 10 programs administered by GHURA that are federally funded." See Agency Report at 4:11-28; 5:1-6. GHURA misconstrues the point of the 12/17/12 OAG Memo. It begins the analysis by discussing the general rule governing Guam Procurement Law: "Guam Procurement Law applies to ... ("GHURA") except when requirements of federal law with respect to the expenditure of federal law shall control. See 12 G.C.A. §5131." Appeal, Exhibit B at 1 (Protest, Ex. 24 – OAG 12-0850, 12/17/12 Opinion). Citing to Title 24 CFR §85.36, it states that when procuring property or services under a grant, a State (which includes territories) "will follow the same policies and procedures it uses for procurement from its non-Federal funds." *Id.* The LIHTC program is included in the list of federal programs which fall is required to follow the procedures Guam uses for non-federal funds, namely, the Guam Procurement Law. *Id.* at 3. The memorandum concludes with a "review of GHURA's programs and their regulations does not reveal or provide for a different procurement process with federal funds" and confirms that GHURA is required to follow the Guam Procurement Law unless a specific federal statue or regulation provides otherwise. *Id.* at 4.

GHURA has not provided any federal law or regulation stating that the LIHTC program is exempt from Guam Procurement Law, because such law does not exist. GHURA raises the point that

it did not administer the 2024 LIHTC QAP based on Guam Procurement Law and does not believe it has in previous LIHTC solicitations. It is irrelevant what it did in previous LIHTC procurements because the LIHTC QAP for a particular year is only applicable for that year.

Lastly GHURA argues that the allocation of tax credits is not considered buying, purchasing, renting, leasing, or otherwise acquiring any supplies, services, or construction by GHURA." Agency Report at 5:4-6. The LIHTC program solicits proposals from developers for granting federal tax credits, which will be awarded to the successful proposer / developer team. The tax incentives provide the developer with the ability to go to the market to raise funds to build or rehabilitate affordable rental housing for low-income households in furtherance of GHURA's mandate. This request for services falls squarely within the ambit of the Guam Procurement Law.

(3) Protest #1 Was Timely Filed

GHURA makes a statement that "Summer Vista waited to file its First and Second Appeals until after allocation of tax credit to Flora Rosa under the 2024 LIHTC QAP cycle." GHURA appears to be referring to Summer Vista's Protest #1 and Protest #2. This Appeal involves the denial of Protest #1. GHURA has not issues decisions in Protest #2 or Protest #3.

GHURA describes Summer Vista's protests as untimely solely because Summer Vista waited "until after allocation of tax credit to Flores Rosa under the 2024 LIHTC QAP cycle". Agency Report at 5. However, the timeliness of a protest is not contingent on whether it is filed before an award is made. In fact, Guam Procurement Law explicitly allows for protests to be filed after an award and provides specific remedies in such cases. *See* 5 GCA 5452. Instead, the controlling factor in determining timeliness is what procurement protests must be "submitted in writing within fourteen (14) days after such aggrieved person knows or should know of the facts giving rise thereto." 5 GCA 5425(a); *See also DFS Guam L.P. v. A.B. Won Pat Int'l Airport Auth., Guam,* 2020 Guam 20, 70.

GHURA's statement does not contain any legal arguments other than the conclusory statement that Protest #1 was untimely, and that the OPA does not have jurisdiction. GHURA then states that it will be filing a Motion to Dismiss in the future. There is nothing for Summer Vista to respond to at this time on this issue.

IV. CONCLUSION For the foregoing reasons, Summer Vista respectfully request that the OPA order GHURA to issue decisions for Protest #2 and #3 by March 13, 2025, order GHURA to comply the automatic stay, and make a finding in favor of Summer Vista regarding the unrebutted issues. Summer Vista requests a hearing on this Appeal. CIVILLE & TANG, PLLC Dated: March 6, 2025 By: JOYCE C.H. TANG Attorneys for Appellant Summer Vista DE II, LLC and Summer Vista DE III, LLC